

## Analytical Aptitude Previous Year Questions

**Question 1.** A and B together can do a piece of work in 9 days. If A does thrice the work of B in a given time, the time A alone will take to finish the work is

- a. 4 days
- b. 6 days
- c. 8 days
- d. 12 days

**Ans.** 12 days

**Explanation:** (A + B)'s efficiency =  $100/9$  (= 11.11%).

Suppose, the efficiency of B =  $x\%$ ; hence, the efficiency of A =  $3x$ ;

$x + 3x = 100/9$ ;  $x = (25/9)\%$ .  $\Rightarrow$  The efficiency of A =  $(25/3)\%$ .

A will do this work in =  $100/(25/3) = 12$  days;

**Question 2.** The diameters of two cylinders are in the ratio 3:2 and their volumes are equal. The ratio of their heights is

a. 2:3

b. 3:2

c. 9:4

d. 4:9

**Ans.** 4:9

**Explanation:** Volume1: Volume2 =  $(\pi r_1^2 h_1) : (\pi r_2^2 h_2)$ ;

Since, volumes of both cylinders are equal;

$$(r_1/r_2)^2 = (h_2/h_1); \Rightarrow h_1/h_2 = 4:9;$$

**Question 3.** A trader sold a cycle at a loss of 10%. If the selling price had been increased by Rs. 200, there would have been a gain of 6%. The cost price of the cycle is

a. Rs.1200

b. Rs.1205

c. Rs.1250

d. Rs.1275

**Ans.** Rs.1250

**Explanation:** Suppose that the cost price of the cycle= Rs. x;

x -----(sold at a loss of -10% )----> 0.90x;

0.90x------(Rs. 200 increase)-----> 0.90x + 200;

As per the stated condition,

$$0.90x + 200 = 1.06x;$$

$$x = \text{Rs. } 1250;$$

**SSC CGL 2018 Quantitative Aptitude Preparation Strategy: Detailed Chapterwise and Yearwise Analysis**

**Question 4.**In a city, 40% of the people are illiterate and 60% are poor. Among the rich, 10% are illiterate. The percentage of the illiterate poor population is

a. 36

b. 60

c. 40

d. 50

**Ans. 60**

**Explanation:** Let Total number of people =100;

Total poor people = 60% of 100  $=\frac{60 \times 100}{100}=60=\frac{60 \times 100}{100}=60$ ;

Therefore, rich people = 40% of 100  $=\frac{40 \times 100}{100}=40=40$ ;

Total illiterate people = 40% of total people  $=\frac{40 \times 100}{100}=40$ ;

Among rich, 10% are illiterate = 10% of 40  $=\frac{10 \times 40}{100}=4$ ;

The number of the illiterate poor population  $=40-4=36$ ;

Therefore, illiterate poor =36, total population =100;

Required percentage  $=\frac{36 \times 100}{100}=36\%$ .

**Question 5.**In what time will a 100 metres long train running with a speed of 50 km/hr cross a pillar?

a. 7.0 sec

b. 72 sec

c. 7.2 sec

d. 70 sec

**Ans.** 7.2 sec

**Explanation:** Speed = Distance/Time;

Time= Distance/ Speed; => Time =  $100/(50*5/18) = 7.2$  sec.

**Question 6.**

If  $\frac{2p}{p^2 - 2p + 1} = \frac{1}{4}$ , then the value of  $p + \frac{1}{p}$  will be

a. 8

b. 10

c. 12

d. None of these

**Ans.** 10

**Explanation:**

$$\frac{2p}{p^2 - 2p + 1} = \frac{1}{4};$$

$$\frac{2p}{p * (p - 2 + \frac{1}{p})} = \frac{1}{4};$$

$$p + \frac{1}{p} - 2 = 8;$$

$$p + \frac{1}{p} = 10;$$

**Question 7.** If  $l + m + n = 9$  and  $l^2 + m^2 + n^2 = 31$ , then the value of  $lm + mn + nl$  will be

a. 22

b. 50

c. 25

d. -25

**Ans.** 25

**Explanation:**  $(l + m + n)^2 = l^2 + m^2 + n^2 + 2(lm + mn + nl)$ ;

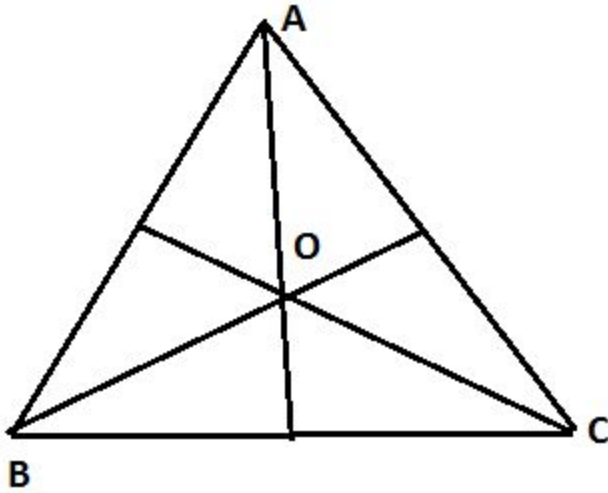
Hence,  $lm + mn + nl = \frac{9^2 - 31}{2} = 25$ ;

**Question 8.** The centroid of a triangle is the point where

- a. the medians meet
- b. the altitudes meet
- c. the right bisectors of the sides of the triangle meet
- d. the bisectors of the angles of the triangle meet

**Ans.** the medians meet

**Explanation:** in the following figure, O is the centroid of the triangle.

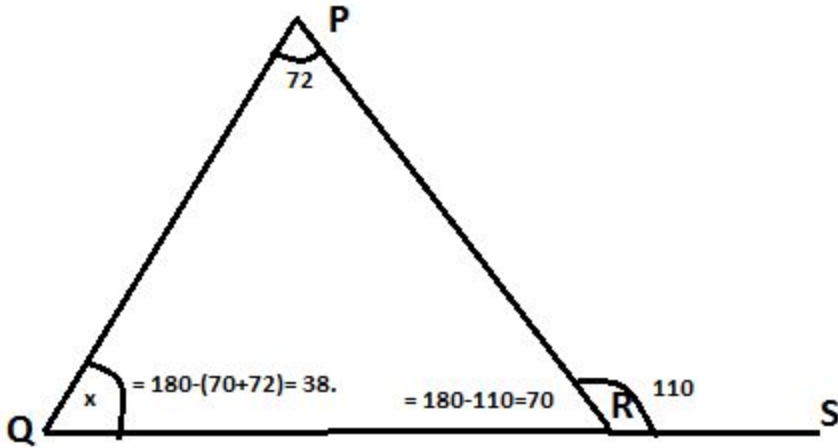


Question 9. In a triangle PQR, the side QR is extended to S.  $\angle QPR = 72^\circ$  and  $\angle PRS = 110^\circ$ , then the value of  $\angle PQR$  is:

- a.  $38^\circ$
- b.  $32^\circ$
- c.  $25^\circ$
- d.  $29^\circ$

Ans.  $38^\circ$

Explanation:



**Question 10.**In a trapezium ABCD,  $AB \parallel CD$ ,  $AB < CD$ ,  $CD = 6$  cm and distance between the parallel sides is 4 cm. If the area of ABCD is  $16 \text{ cm}^2$ , then AB is

- a. 1 cm
- b. 2 cm
- c. 3 cm
- d. 8 cm

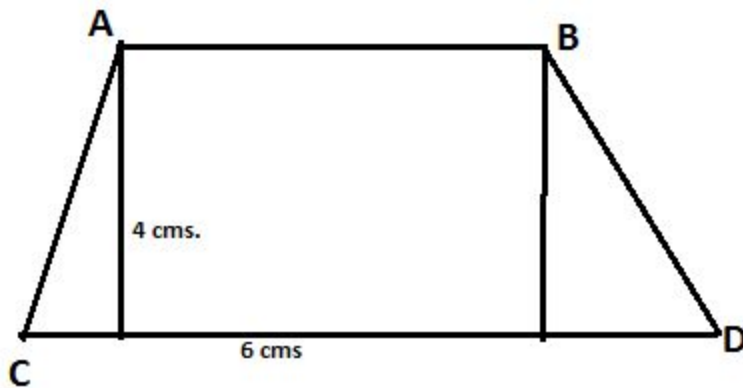
**Ans.** 2 cm

**Explanation:** The area of trapezium =  $\frac{1}{2} \times (\text{Sum of the parallel sides}) \times \text{uniform altitude}$ ;

Let  $AB = x$  cm;



$$16 = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (6 + x) \cdot 4; \Rightarrow x = 2 \text{ cm};$$



**SSC CGL 2018 Tier-I Exam: Preparation Tips and Strategy**

**Question 11.** If  $\tan\theta + \cot\theta = 5$ , then the value of  $\tan^2\theta + \cot^2\theta$  is

a. 22

b. 25

c. 23

d. 27

**Ans.** 23

**Explanation:**  $\tan\theta + \cot\theta = 5$ ; (given)

Square both sides-

$$\tan^2 \theta + \cot^2 \theta + 2 = 25;$$

$$\tan^2 \theta + \cot^2 \theta = 23;$$

**Question 12.**When a number is divided by 56, the remainder will be 29. If the same number is divided by 8, then the remainder will be

a. 6

b. 7

c. 5

d. 3

**Ans. 5**

**Explanation:** Let the dividend be  $x$ ;

Then the number will be  $= 56x + 29$ ;

When the above expression will be divided by 8, then the remainder will be equal to  
( $29\%8 = 5$ )

**Question 13.** If a shop keeper marks his goods for a certain amount so as to get 25% gain after allowing a discount of 20%, then his marked price is

a. Rs.156.25

b. Rs.146.25

c. Rs.166.67

d. Rs.150.25

**Ans.** Rs.166.67

**Explanation:** Let the Marked price = Rs.  $x$ ;

The selling price =  $0.80x$ ;

So, the cost price =  $0.75 \cdot 0.80 \cdot x$ ;

Let the cost price of the item is Rs. 100.

Hence,  $0.75 \cdot 0.80 \cdot x = 100$ ;

$x = 166.67$ ;

**Question 14.** The average of marks of 17 students in an examination was calculated as 71. But it was later found that the mark of one student had been

wrongly entered as 65 instead of 56 and another as 24 instead of 50. The correct average is

a. 70

b. 71

c. 72

d. 73

**Ans. 72**

**Explanation:** The total marks obtained by the students =  $71 \times 17 = 1207$ ;

After correction, The total marks obtained =  $1207 - 65 + 56 - 20 + 50 = 1228$ ;

The average of marks obtained by the students =  $1228 / 17 = 72.23$ ;

**Question 15.** The simple interest on a sum for 5 years is two-fifth of the sum. The rate of interest per annum is

a. 0.1

b. 0.08

c. 0.06

d. 0.04

**Ans. 0.08**

**Explanation:**  $SI = \frac{PRT}{100}$ ;

$$SI = \frac{2}{5} * P;$$

$$R = \frac{(\frac{2}{5} * 100)}{5} = 8\% = 0.08.$$

**Question 16.**

If  $(x + \frac{1}{x})^2 = 3$ , then the value of  $x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}$  is

a. 0

b. 1

c. 2

d. -1

**Ans. 0**

**Explanation:**

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 2 = 3;$$

$$x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 1;$$

$$x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = (x + \frac{1}{x})(x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} - 1);$$

$$\text{Hence, } x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3} = 0;$$

**Question 17.** If  $a - b = 3$  and  $a^2 + b^2 = 25$ , then the value of  $ab$  is

a. 16

b. 8

c. 10

d. 15

**Ans. 8**

**Explanation:**

$$(a-b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab;$$

$$3^2 = 25 - 2ab;$$

$$2ab = 25 - 9 = 16;$$

$$ab = 8;$$

**Question 18.**In  $\Delta ABC$ ,  $\angle B = 70^\circ$  and  $\angle C = 60^\circ$ . The internal bisectors of the two smallest angles of  $\Delta ABC$  meet at O. The angle so formed at O is

a.  $125^\circ$

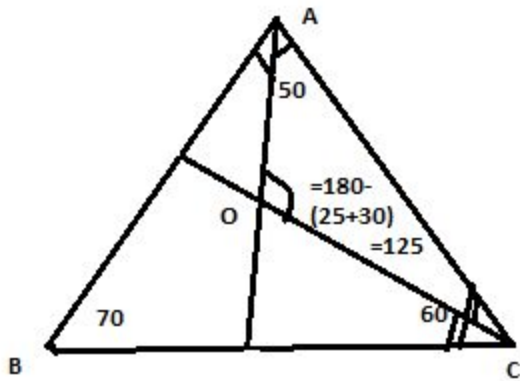
b.  $120^\circ$

c.  $115^\circ$

d.  $110^\circ$

**Ans.**  $125^\circ$

**Explanation:**



**SSC CGL Syllabus 2018: Tier I, II, III and IV with Exam Pattern**

**Question 19.** If  $\theta$  be positive acute angle and  $5\cos\theta + 12\sin\theta = 13$ , then the value of  $\cos\theta$  is

a.  $12/13$

b.  $5/13$

c.  $5/12$

d.  $1/5$

**Ans.**  $5/13$

**Explanation:**  $5\cos\theta + 12\sin\theta = 13$ ;

$$(5/13) * \cos\theta + (12/13) * \sin\theta = 1;$$

Suppose that the angle formed in the figure is  $\varnothing$ .

$$\sin\varnothing \cdot \cos\theta + \cos\varnothing \cdot \sin\theta = 1;$$

$$\sin(\theta + \varnothing) = \sin 90;$$

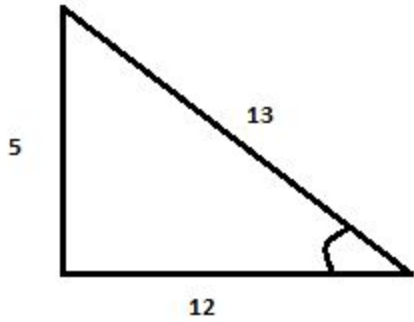
$$\theta + \varnothing = 90;$$

$$\theta = 90 - \varnothing;$$

$$\cos \theta = \cos(90 - \varnothing);$$

$$\cos \theta = \sin\varnothing = 5/13;$$





**Question 20.** A cylindrical container of 32 cm height and 18 cm radius is filled with sand. Now all this sand is used to form a conical heap of sand. If the height of the conical heap is 24 cm, what is the radius of its base?

- a. 12 cm
- b. 24 cm
- c. 36 cm
- d. 48 cm

**Ans.** 36 cm

**Explanation:** The volume of both the shapes are same.

$$\pi \cdot (18)^2 \cdot 32 = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \pi \cdot r^2 \cdot 24;$$

$$R = 36 \text{ cm.}$$

**Question 21.**The angle of elevation of the top of a pillar from the foot and the top of a building 20 m high, are  $60^\circ$  and  $30^\circ$  respectively. The height of the pillar is

- a. 10 m
- b.  $10\sqrt{3}$ m
- c. 60 m
- d. 30 m

**Ans.** 30 m

**Explanation:**

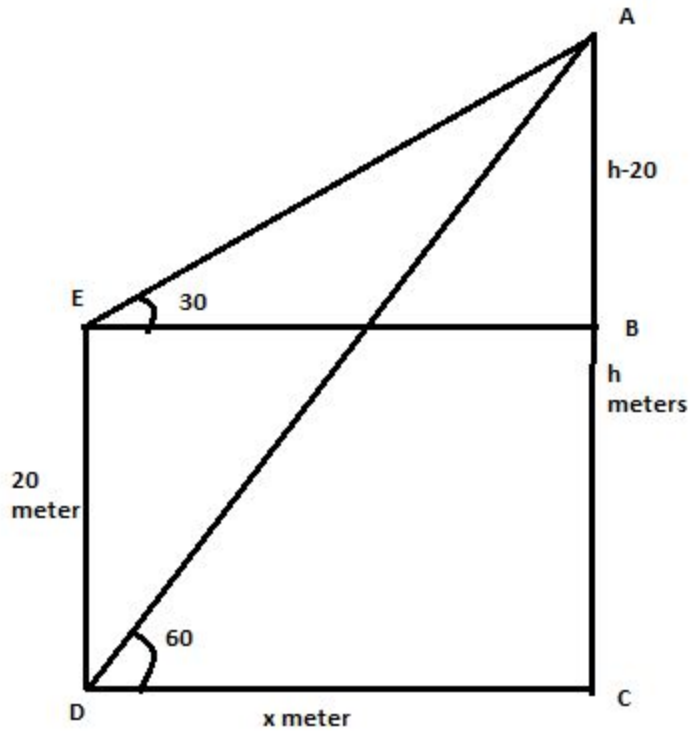
In Triangle ACD,  $\tan 60 = h/x$ ;

In Triangle ABE,  $\tan 30 = (h-20)/x$ ;

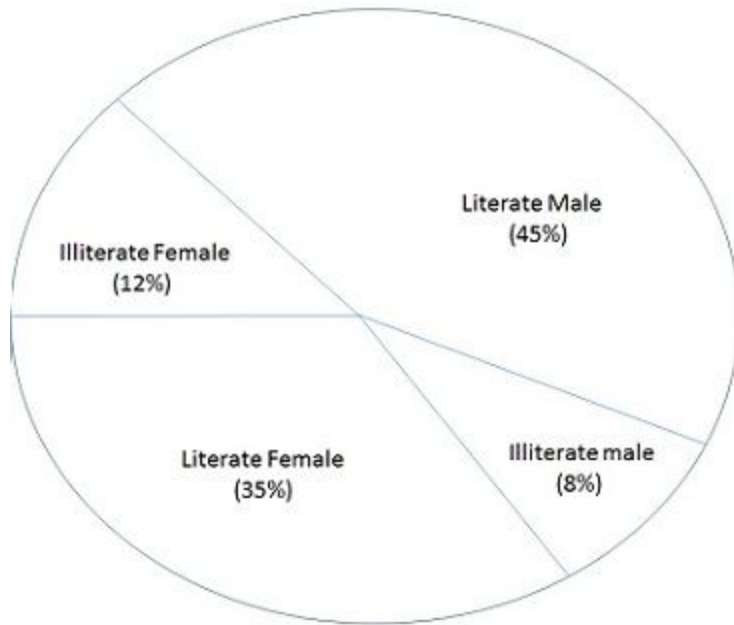
Divide both the expression,

$$\tan 60 / \tan 30 = (h/x) / (h-20/x);$$

$$h/h-20 = 3; \Rightarrow h = 30 \text{ m};$$



**Question 22.** The pie-chart shows the percentage of literate and illiterate male and female in a state. Study the diagram and answer the following questions.



If the total number is 35000, then the difference between the numbers of literate male and literate female is

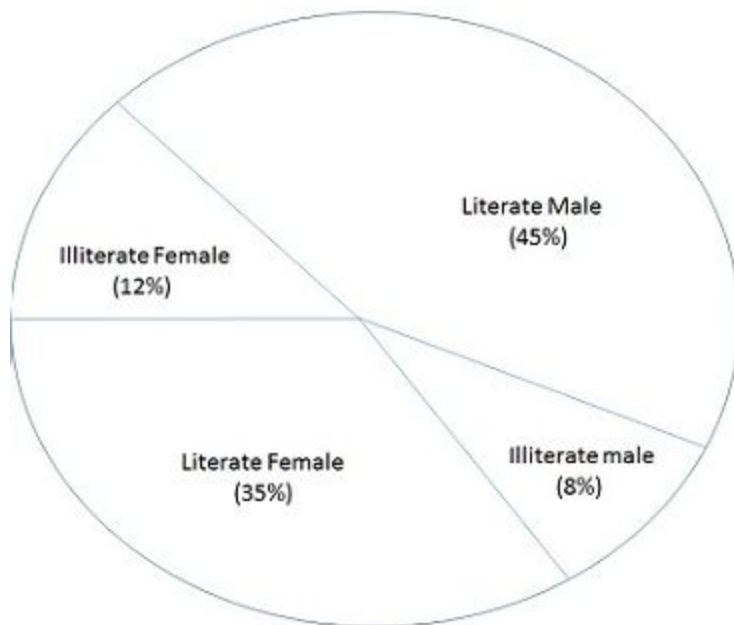
- a. 3500
- b. 3700
- c. 400
- d. 4500

**Ans.** 3500

**Explanation:** Percentage change in literate male and female =  $45 - 35 = 10\%$ .

Hence, the required answer =  $35000 \times 10\% = 3500$ .

**Question 23.** The pie-chart shows the percentage of literate and illiterate male and female in a state. Study the diagram and answer the following questions.



The difference of central angles corresponding to illiterate male and illiterate female is

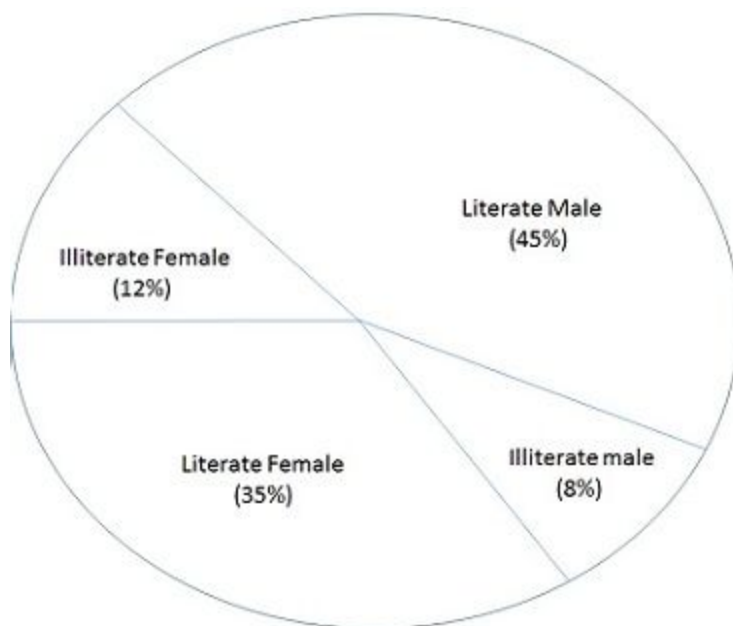
- a.  $12.2^\circ$
- b.  $13.4^\circ$
- c.  $11.2^\circ$
- d.  $14.4^\circ$

**Ans.**  $14.4^\circ$

**Explanation:** Percentage change in illiterate male and female =  $12 - 8 = 4\%$ .

Hence the required angle =  $360 \times 4\% = 14.4$ .

**Question 24.** The pie-chart shows the percentage of literate and illiterate male and female in a state. Study the diagram and answer the following questions.



If the difference between the two categories of people are represented by  $36^\circ$  in the diagram then these categories are

- a. literate male and literate female
- b. literate male and illiterate male

c. illiterate male and literate female

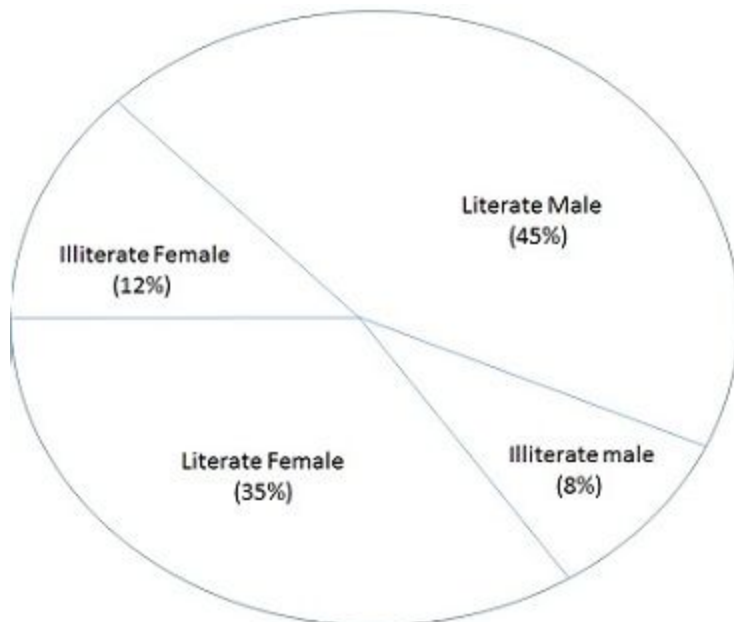
d. illiterate male and illiterate female

**Ans.** literate male and literate female

**Explanation:** for this angle, the difference should be = 10%.

By observation, Literate male and literate female have this difference accurately.

**Question 25.** The pie-chart shows the percentage of literate and illiterate male and female in a state. Study the diagram and answer the following questions.



If two categories together have a central angle of 169.2, then these categories are

- a. literate female and illiterate female
- b. literate male and illiterate female
- c. illiterate male and illiterate female
- d. illiterate male and literate female

**Ans.** literate female and illiterate female

**Explanation:** For this angle, required percentage =  $169.2 \times 100 / 360 = 47\%$ .

This would be the = sum of literate female and illiterate male;

**Question 26.** If the sum of a number and its reciprocal be 2, then the number is

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. -1
- d. 2

**Ans. 1**

**Explanation:** Let the number is x. then-

$$x + 1/x = 2; \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0;$$

$$x = 1;$$

**Question 27.** The price of a shirt after 15% discount, is Rs.119. What was the marked price of the shirt before discount

- a. Rs.129
- b. Rs.140



c. Rs.150

d. Rs.160

**Ans. Rs.140**

**Explanation:** Let the marked price of shirt= Rs. x;

85% of x = 119;  $\Rightarrow x = 119 \cdot 100 / 85 = 140$ .

Question 3. If  $\frac{a}{q-r} + \frac{b}{r-p} = \frac{c}{p-q}$ , then find the value of  $pa+qb+rc$ .

a. 0

b. 1

c. 2

d. -1

**Ans. 0**

**Question 28.** The average of a,b,c is 20 and that of b,c,d is 25; if d=30, then the value of a is

a. 25

b. 45

c. 30

d. 15

**Ans. 15**

**Explanation:**  $a + b + c = 60$ ; ----- eq.(i)

$b + c + d = 75$ ; ----- eq.(ii)

subtract eq.(i) from eq.(ii)-

$a - d = -15$ ;  $\Rightarrow a = 30 - 15 = 15$ ;

**Question 29.**A store sells a watch for a profit of 25% of the cost. Then the percentage of profit against selling price is

- a. 22%
- b. 20%
- c. 18%
- d. 15%

**Ans. 20%**

**Explanation:** Let CP of watch= Rs. x;

SP = 1.25x;

% profit=  $(SP-CP)*100/SP = 0.25x*100/1.25x = 20\%$ .

**Question 30.**If A is equal to 20% of B and B is equal to 25% of C; then what percent of C is equal to A?

- a. 10
- b. 15
- c. 5
- d. 20

**Ans. 5**

**Explanation:** A = 0.20B; B = 0.25C;

A= 0.20\*0.25 C = 0.5 C; Hence, A is 5% of C.

**Question 31.**A gun is fired at a distance of 1.7 km from Ram and he hears the sound after 25 seconds. The speed of sound in meter per second is

- a. 60
- b. 62
- c. 64
- d. 68

**Ans. 68**

**Explanation:** Speed of sound = Distance traveled / traveling time of sound;  
 $= 1.7 \times 1000 / 25 = 68$  seconds.

**Question 32.**A sum of ₹ 3000 yields an interest of ₹ 1080 at 12% per annum simple interest in how many years ?

- a. 4 Years
- b. 3 Years
- c. 5 years
- d.  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Years

**Ans. 3 Years**

**Explanation:**  $SI = \frac{PRT}{100}$ ;

Hence,  $T = \frac{100 \times SI}{PR} = \frac{100 \times 1080}{3000 \times 12} = 3$  years.

**Question 9.**

The simplest value of  $\frac{3\sqrt{8}-2\sqrt{12}+\sqrt{20}}{3\sqrt{18}-2\sqrt{27}+\sqrt{45}}$  is

a.

$$\frac{3}{2}$$

b.  $\frac{2}{3}$

c.  $\frac{1}{2}$

d. 2

**Ans.**  $\frac{2}{3}$

**Explanation:**

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{3\sqrt{8}-2\sqrt{12}+\sqrt{20}}{3\sqrt{18}-2\sqrt{27}+\sqrt{45}} &= \frac{6\sqrt{2}-4\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{5}}{9\sqrt{2}-6\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{5}} \\ \frac{2(3\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{5})}{3(3\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{5})} &= \frac{2}{3}\end{aligned}$$

**Question 10.**

If  $\left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^2 = 3$ , the value of  $a^3 + \frac{1}{a^3}$  is

a. 0

b.

$$3\left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)$$

c.

$$3\left(a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2}\right)$$

d. 1

**Ans.** 0

**Explanation:**  $a + 1/a = \sqrt{3}$ ;

Squaring both side, we get-

$$a^2 + 1/a^2 = 3 - 2 = 1;$$

$$a^3 + 1/a^3 = (a + 1/a)(a^2 + 1/a^2 - 1);$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \cdot 0 = 0.$$

**Question 11.**

If  $\frac{a^2+b^2}{c^2} = \frac{b^2+c^2}{a^2} = \frac{c^2+a^2}{b^2} = \frac{1}{k}$ , ( $k \neq 0$ ) then  $k =$

- a. 2
- b. 1
- c. 0
- d.  $\frac{1}{2}$

**Ans.  $\frac{1}{2}$**

**Explanation:**

$$\frac{a^2+b^2}{c^2} = \frac{b^2+c^2}{a^2} = \frac{c^2+a^2}{b^2} = \frac{1}{k};$$

*Add 1 in each expression –*

$$\frac{a^2+b^2}{c^2} + 1 = \frac{b^2+c^2}{a^2} + 1 = \frac{c^2+a^2}{b^2} + 1;$$

$$\frac{a^2+b^2+c^2}{c^2} = \frac{a^2+b^2+c^2}{a^2} = \frac{a^2+b^2+c^2}{b^2};$$

$$\frac{1}{c^2} = \frac{1}{a^2} = \frac{1}{b^2};$$

$$a^2 = b^2 = c^2;$$

$$\text{Hence, } \frac{1}{k} = \frac{a^2+a^2}{a^2} = 2; \Rightarrow k = \frac{1}{2};$$

**Question.**The area of the largest triangle that can be inscribed in a semicircle of radius 6m is

- a. 36 m<sup>2</sup>
- b. 72 m<sup>2</sup>
- c. 18 m<sup>2</sup>
- d. 12 m<sup>2</sup>

**Ans. 36 m<sup>2</sup>**

**Explanation:** The maximum area of the inscribed triangle in semicircle=  $r*r = 6*6 = 36$  sq. m.

**Question 13.**

The value of  $\frac{\sin \theta}{1+\cos \theta} + \frac{\sin \theta}{1-\cos \theta}$  is

- a.  $2\sin\theta$
- b.  $2\cos\theta$
- c.  $2\sec\theta$
- d.  $2\operatorname{cosec}\theta$

**Ans.  $2\operatorname{cosec}\theta$**

**Explanation:**

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\sin \theta}{1+\cos \theta} + \frac{\sin \theta}{1-\cos \theta} &= \frac{\sin \theta(1-\cos \theta) + \sin \theta(1+\cos \theta)}{1-\cos^2 \theta}; \\ &= \frac{2\sin \theta}{\sin^2 \theta} = 2\operatorname{cosec}\theta;\end{aligned}$$

**Question.** Twenty women can do a work in sixteen days. Sixteen men can complete the same work in fifteen days. The ratio between the capacity of a man and a woman is

- a. 3:4
- b. 4:3
- c. 5:3
- d. 5:7

**Ans. 4:3**

**Explanation:** The efficiency of one women=  $100/16*20 = (5/16)\%$ .

The efficiency of one man=  $100/16*15 = (5/12)\%$ ;

Ratio (Man: Woman) =  $(5/12)/(5/16) = 4: 3$ .

**Question 15.**

If  $2x + \frac{2}{9x} = 4$ , then the value of  $27x^3 + \frac{1}{27x^3}$  is

- a. 180
- b. 198
- c. 234
- d. 252

**Ans. 198**

**Explanation:**

$$2x + \frac{2}{9x} = 4;$$

$$x + \frac{1}{9x} = 2; \Rightarrow 3x + \frac{1}{3x} = 6; \text{-----eq.(i)}$$

*Squaring both sides -*

$$9x^2 + \frac{1}{9x^2} + 2 = 36;$$

$$9x^2 + \frac{1}{9x^2} - 1 = 33;$$

$$(3x)^3 + \left(\frac{1}{3x}\right)^3 = \left(3x + \frac{1}{3x}\right)\left(9x^2 + \frac{1}{9x^2} - 1\right);$$

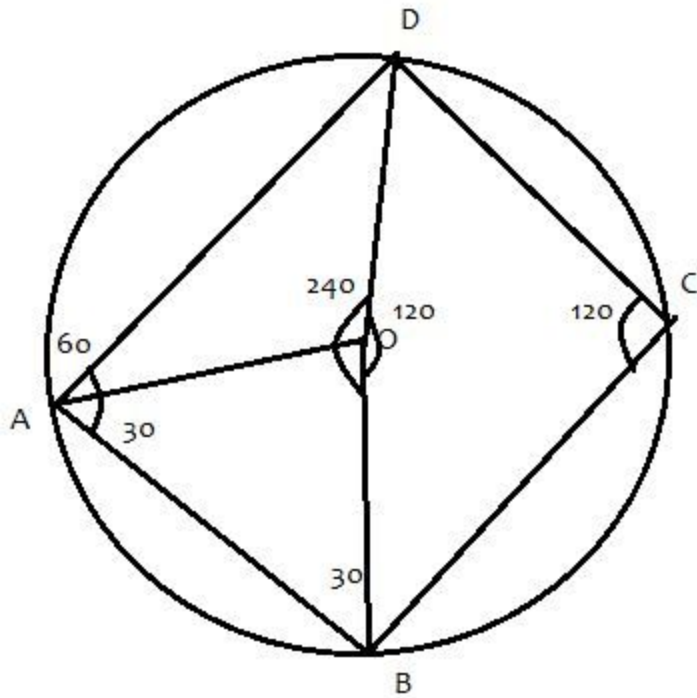
$$= 6 * 33 = 198;$$

**Question 16.**In a cyclic quadrilateral ABCD,  $\angle BCD = 120^\circ$  and passes through the centre of the circle. Then  $\angle ABD = ?$

- a.  $30^\circ$
- b.  $40^\circ$
- c.  $50^\circ$
- d.  $60^\circ$

**Ans.  $30^\circ$**

**Explanation:**



**Question.**The midpoints of AB and AC of a triangle ABC are X and Y respectively. If  $BC+XY=12$  units, then  $BC-XY$  is

- a. 10 units
- b. 8 units
- c. 6 units
- d. 4 units

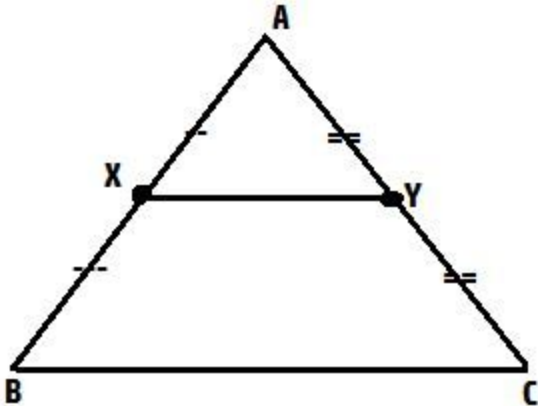
**Ans. 4 units**

**Explanation:** If the mid points of two sides of a triangle is merged, then  $BC \parallel XY$  and  $XY = \frac{1}{2} BC$ .



By putting this value in the given equation,  $BC + \frac{1}{2}BC = 12$ ;  $BC = 12$ ;  $\Rightarrow BC = 8$  units and  $XY = 4$  units.

Hence,  $BC - XY = 8 - 4 = 4$  units.

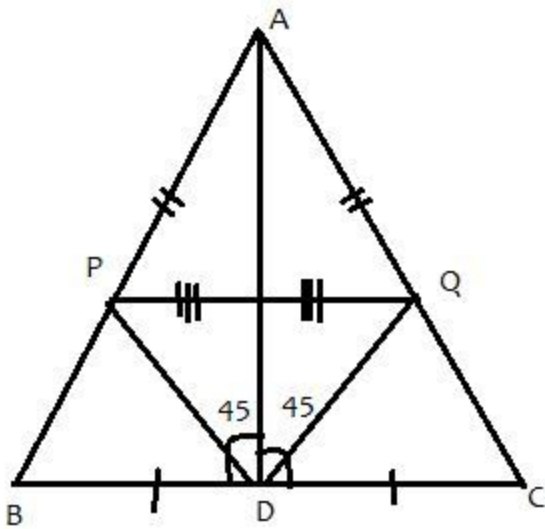


**Question.** In an isosceles  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $AD$  is the median to the unequal side meeting  $BC$  at  $D$ .  $DP$  is the angle bisector of  $\angle ADB$  and  $PQ$  is drawn parallel to  $BC$  meeting  $AC$  at  $Q$ . Then the measure of  $\angle PDQ$  is

- a.  $130^\circ$
- b.  $90^\circ$
- c.  $180^\circ$
- d.  $45^\circ$

**Ans.  $90^\circ$**

**Explanation:** Hence,  $\angle PDQ = 90$  degrees.

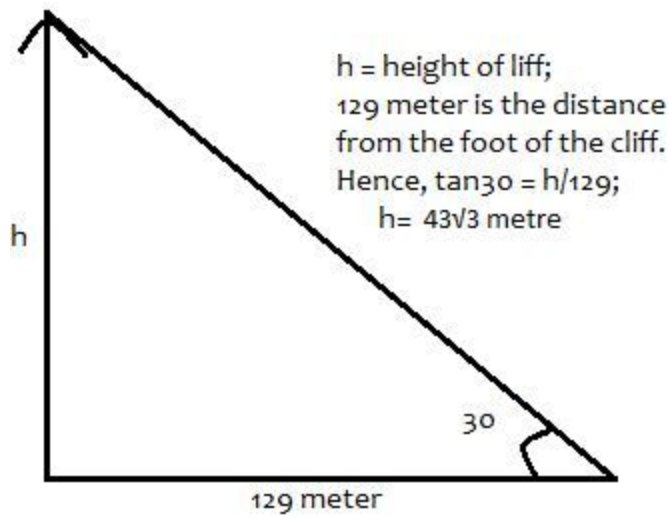


**Question.129** meter from the foot of a cliff on level of ground, the angle of elevation of the top of a cliff is  $30^\circ$ . The height of this cliff is

- a.  $50\sqrt{3}$  metre
- b.  $45\sqrt{3}$  metre
- c.  $43\sqrt{3}$  metre
- d.  $47\sqrt{3}$  metre

**Ans.  $43\sqrt{3}$  metre**

**Explanation:**



**Question.** The volume of metallic cylindrical pipe of uniform thickness is 748 c.c. Its length is 14 cm and its external radius is 9 cm. The thickness of the pipe is

- a. 0.5 cm
- b. 1.5 cm
- c. 1 cm
- d. 2 cm

**Ans. 1 cm**

**Explanation:** volume of hollow cylinder =  $\pi \times [(\text{outer radius})^2 - (\text{inner radius})^2] \times \text{height};$

$$748 = \pi \cdot [(9)^2 - r^2] \cdot 14;$$

$$(9)^2 - r^2 = (748 \cdot 7) / (14 \cdot 22) = 17;$$

$$r = \sqrt{81 - 17} = 8 \text{ cm.}$$

Hence, thickness of pipe =  $9 - 8 = 1 \text{ cm.}$

**Question 21.**

If  $\tan \theta = \frac{8}{15}$ , the value of  $\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin \theta}}{\sqrt{1 + \sin \theta}}$  is

- a.  $\frac{1}{5}$
- b.  $\frac{2}{5}$
- c.  $\frac{3}{5}$
- d. 0

Ans.  $\frac{3}{5}$

**Explanation:**

$$\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin \theta}}{\sqrt{1 + \sin \theta}} = \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin \theta} * \sqrt{1 - \sin \theta}}{\sqrt{1 + \sin \theta} * \sqrt{1 - \sin \theta}} = \frac{1 - \sin \theta}{\cos \theta};$$

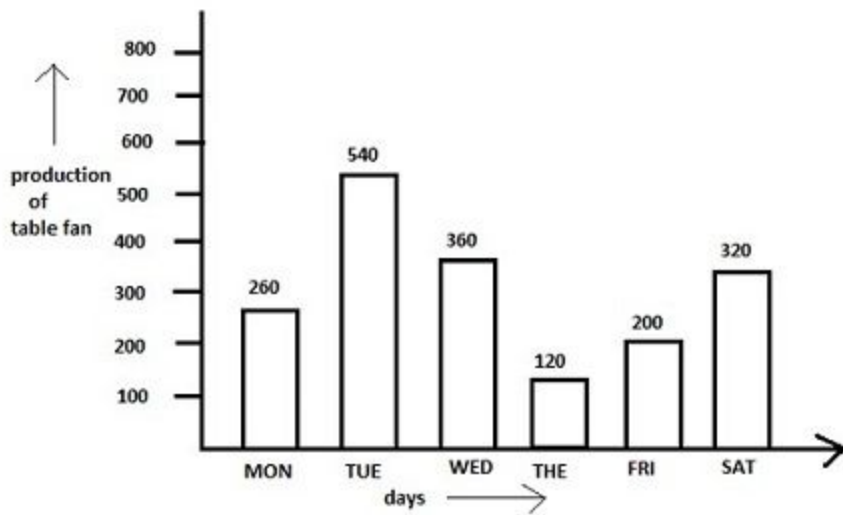
$$\tan \theta = \frac{8}{15};$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{8}{\sqrt{8^2 + 15^2}} = \frac{8}{17};$$

$$\text{Similarly, } \cos \theta = \frac{15}{\sqrt{8^2 + 15^2}} = \frac{15}{17};$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{1 - \frac{8}{17}}{\frac{15}{17}} = \frac{\frac{9}{17}}{\frac{15}{17}} = \frac{9}{15} = \frac{3}{5};$$

The bar graph shows the production of table fans in a factory during one week. Study the bar graph and answer the question.



**Question.** The maximum production exceeds the minimum production by:

- a. 400
- b. 420
- c. 500
- d. 540

**Ans. 420**

**Explanation:** Difference between maximum & minimum production =  $540 - 120 = 420$ .

**Question .** The average production of table fan in that week is

- a. 370
- b. 280

c. 300

d. 250

**Ans. 300**

**Explanation:** Average production of table fan =  $(260 + 540 + 360 + 120 + 200 + 320)/6 = 1800/6 = 300$ ;

**Question. Ratio of the total production of table fans in the factory from Monday to Wednesday to that from Thursday to Saturday is**

a. 19:26

b. 26:19

c. 29:16

d. 16:29

**Ans. 29:16**

**Explanation:** Table fan production from Monday to Wednesday =  $260 + 540 + 360 = 1160$ ;

Table fan production from Thursday to Saturday =  $1800 - 1160 = 640$ ;

Ratio =  $1160/640 = 29:16$ .

**Question. The average production of table fans on Monday & Tuesdays exceeds the average production of table fans during the week by**

a. 150 fans

b. 100 fans

c. 140 fans

d. 200 fans

**Ans. 100 fans**

**Explanation:** average production of table fan on Mondays and Tuesdays =  $(540 + 260)/2 = 400$ .

Average production of table fans through the week = 300.

Hence, difference =  $400 - 300 = 100$  fans.